Exercises for Logic-for-Linguists II

Thomas Forster

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EXERCISE 1

Render the following fragments of English into predicate calculus, using a lexicon of your choice.

This first bunch involve monadic predicates only and no nested quantifiers. In my model answers I have tended to use bits of English text in verbatim font (as is the habit in certain computer science cultures) for predicate letters, rather than use the single letters that are more customary in most logical cultures. I have done this merely in order to make the notation more suggestive: there is no cultural significance to it. And in any case, further down in the list of model answers I have reverted to the philosophico-logical standard practice of using single capital Roman letters.

- 1. Every good boy deserves favour; George is a good boy. Therefore George deserves favour.
- 2. All cows eat grass; Daisy eats grass. Therefore Daisy is a cow.
- 3. Socrates is a man; all men are mortal. Therefore Socrates is mortal.
- 4. Daisy is a cow; all cows eat grass. Therefore Daisy eats grass.
- 5. Daisy is a cow; all cows are mad. Therefore Daisy is mad.
- 6. No thieves are honest; some dishonest people are found out. Therefore Some thieves are found out.
- 7. No muffins are wholesome; all puffy food is unwholesome. Therefore all muffins are puffy.
- 8. No birds except peacocks are proud of their tails; some birds that are proud of their tails cannot sing. Therefore some peacocks cannot sing.
- 9. A wise man walks on his feet; an unwise man on his hands. Therefore no man walks on both.
- 10. No fossil can be crossed in love; an oyster may be crossed in love. Therefore oysters are not fossils.

- 11. All who are anxious to learn work hard; some of these students work hard. Therefore some of these students are anxious to learn.
- 12. His songs never last an hour. A song that lasts an hour is tedious. Therefore his songs are never tedious.
- 13. Some lessons are difficult; what is difficult needs attention. Therefore some lessons need attention.
- 14. All humans are mammals; all mammals are warm blooded. Therefore all humans are warm-blooded.
- 15. Warmth relieves pain; nothing that does not relieve pain is useful in toothache.

 Therefore warmth is useful in toothache.
- 16. Louis is the King of France; all Kings of France are bald. Therefore Louis is bald.

EXERCISE 2 Render the following into Predicate calculus, using a lexicon of your choice. These involve nestings of more than one quantifier, polyadic predicate letters, equality and even function letters.

- 1. Anyone who has forgiven at least one person is a saint.
- 2. Nobody in the logic class is cleverer than everybody in the history class.
- 3. Everyone likes Mary—except Mary herself.
- 4. Jane saw a bear, and Roger saw one too.
- 5. Jane saw a bear and Roger saw it too.
- 6. God will destroy the city unless there is a righteous man in it;
- 7. Some students are not taught by every teacher;
- 8. No student has the same teacher for every subject.
- 9. Everybody loves my baby, but my baby loves nobody but me.

EXERCISE 3 Match up the formulæ on the left with their English equivalents on the right.

- (i) $(\forall x)(\exists y)(x \ loves \ y)$
- (a) Everyone loves someone
- (ii) $(\forall y)(\exists x)(x \ loves \ y)$
- (b) There is someone everyone loves
- (iii) $(\exists y)(\forall x)(x \ loves \ y)$
- (c) There is someone that loves everyone
- (iv) $(\exists x)(\forall y)(x \ loves \ y)$
- (d) Everyone is loved by someone

These involve nested quantifiers and dyadic predicates

EXERCISE 4 Render the following pieces of English into Predicate calculus, using a lexicon of your choice.

- 1. Everone who loves is loved;
- 2. You are loved only if you yourself love someone;
- 3. Everyone loves a lover;
- 4. God will destroy the city unless there are three righteous men in it;
- 5. None but the brave deserve the fair.
- 6. I know (at least) two pop stars
- 7. The only living Nobel prizewinner I know is Andrew Huxley.
- 8. There is at most one king of France.
- 9. I know no more than two pop stars;
- 10. There is precisely one king of France
- 11. I know three FRS's and one of them is bald;
- 12. Brothers and sisters have I none; this man's father is my father's son.
- 13. * Anyone who is between a rock and a hard place is also between a hard place and a rock.

(What disconcerts the punters is that the words 'two' and 'three' don't appear in the lexicon.0